

**Reg. No:**

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**SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

**B.Tech II Year I Semester Regular Examinations Nov/Dec 2019  
ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS-II  
(EEE)**

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 60

**PART-A**

(Answer all the Questions 5 x 2 = 10 Marks)

- |          |  |           |
|----------|--|-----------|
| <b>1</b> | <b>a</b> Summarize the advantages of three-phase system.             | <b>2M</b> |
|          | <b>b</b> Compare steady state and transient state.                   | <b>2M</b> |
|          | <b>c</b> What is graph of a network? Give different types of graphs. | <b>2M</b> |
|          | <b>d</b> Sketch two-port network and label its parameters.           | <b>2M</b> |
|          | <b>e</b> State initial value theorem.                                | <b>2M</b> |

**PART-B**

(Answer all Five Units 5 x 10 = 50 Marks)

**UNIT-I**

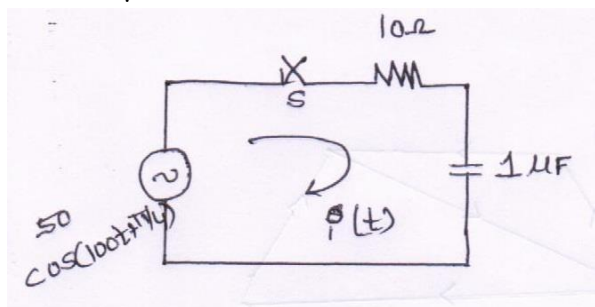
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|----------|---|-----------|
| <b>2</b> | <b>a</b> Derive the relationship between Phase & Line voltages, currents in delta-connected load. | <b>5M</b> |
|          | <b>b</b> Explain two-watt meter method for power measurement in three phase circuits.             | <b>5M</b> |

**OR**

- |          |  |           |
|----------|--|-----------|
| <b>3</b> | <b>a</b> A balanced star connected load of $(4 + j3) \Omega$ per phase is connected to a balanced $3\Phi$ , 400v supply. Find a) active power b) reactive power c) Apparent power. | <b>5M</b> |
|          | <b>b</b> Explain reactive power measurement in balanced three phase load using single Wattmeter.   | <b>5M</b> |

**UNIT-II**

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|----------|---|------------|
| <b>4</b> | In the circuit shown in below figure Determine the complete solution for the current when switch is closed at $t = 0$ , applied voltage is $V(t) = 50\cos(100t + \pi/4)$ , resistance $R = 10\Omega$ and capacitance $C = 1\mu F$ . | <b>10M</b> |
|----------|---|------------|

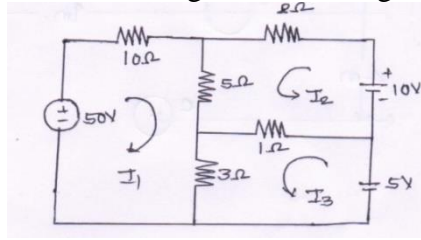


**OR**

- |          |   |            |
|----------|---|------------|
| <b>5</b> | Derive the transient response of an RLC circuit with DC excitation. | <b>10M</b> |
|----------|---|------------|

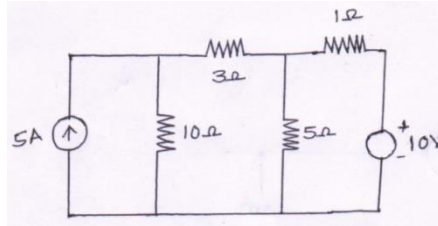
**UNIT-III**

- 6 Determine mesh currents for the following network using network topology. 10M



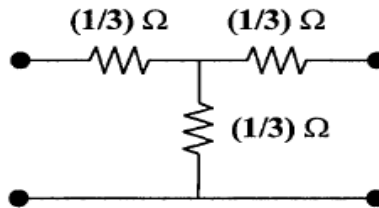
**OR**

- 7 Determine current in 10Ω resistor for the following network by using network topology. 10M



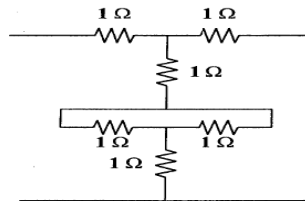
**UNIT-IV**

- 8 Determine Y parameters of the following network. 10M



**OR**

- 9 Determine the Z parameters of the following two-port network. 10M



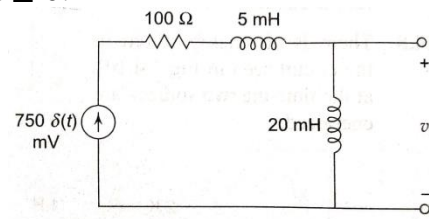
**UNIT-V**

- 10 a Find the inverse Laplace transform of  $F(S) = \frac{1}{(S+2)^2}$  5M

**OR**

- 11 a Find the signal  $y(t)$ , the Laplace transform of signal which is  $Y(S) = \frac{S^3+7S^2+18S+20}{S^2+5S+6}$  5M

- b There is no energy stored in the circuit shown in at the time the impulse voltage is applied. Find  $v_o(t)$  for  $t \geq 0$ . 5M



\*\*\*END\*\*\*